

OHRP Exempt Categories:

<p style="text-align: center;">EDUCATION</p> <p>1. Research conducted in established or commonly accepted educational settings, involving normal educational practices, such as (i) research on regular and special education instructional strategies, or (ii) research on the effectiveness of or the comparison among instructional techniques, curricula, or classroom management methods.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">TESTS, SURVEYS, INTERVIEWS</p> <p>2. Research involving the use of educational tests (cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, achievement), survey procedures, interview procedures or observation of public behavior, unless: (i) information obtained is recorded in such a manner that human subjects can be identified, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects; and (ii) any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research could reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, or reputation.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">PUBLIC OFFICIALS</p> <p>3. Research involving the use of educational tests (cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, achievement), survey procedures, interview procedures, or observation of public behavior that is not exempt under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, if: (i) the human subjects are elected or appointed public officials or candidates for public office; or (ii) federal statute(s) require(s) without exception that the confidentiality of the personally identifiable information will be maintained throughout the research and thereafter.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">EXISTING DATA</p> <p>4. Research involving the collection or study of existing data, documents, records, pathological specimens, or diagnostic specimens, if these sources are publicly available or if the information is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that subjects cannot be identified, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS</p> <p>5. Research and demonstration projects which are conducted by or subject to the approval of department or agency heads, and which are designed to study, evaluate, or otherwise examine: (i) Public benefit or service programs; (ii) procedures for obtaining benefits or services under those programs; (iii) possible changes in or alternatives to those programs or procedures; or (iv) possible changes in methods or levels of payment for benefits or services under those programs.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">FOOD</p> <p>6. Taste and food quality evaluation and consumer acceptance studies, (i) if wholesome foods without additives are consumed or (ii) if a food is consumed that contains a food ingredient at or below the level and for a use found to be safe, or agricultural chemical or environmental contaminant at or below the level found to be safe, by the Food and Drug Administration or approved by the Environmental Protection Agency or the Food Safety and Inspection Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.</p>

FDA Exempt Categories:

STUDIES BEFORE 7-27-81 UNDER IRB REVIEW	STUDIES BEFORE 7-27-81, NOT UNDER IRB REVIEW	EMERGENCY USE	FOOD
<p>(a) Any investigation which commenced before July 27, 1981 and was subject to requirements for IRB review under FDA regulations before that date, provided that the investigation remains subject to review of an IRB which meets the FDA requirements in effect before July 27, 1981.</p>	<p>(b) Any investigation commenced before July 27, 1981 and was not otherwise subject to requirements for IRB review under Food and Drug Administration regulations before that date.</p>	<p>(c) Emergency use of a test article, provided that such emergency use is reported to the IRB within 5 working days. Any subsequent use of the test article at the institution is subject to IRB review.</p>	<p>(d) Taste and food quality evaluations and consumer acceptance studies, if wholesome foods without additives are consumed or if a food is consumed that contains a food ingredient at or below the level and for a use found to be safe, or agricultural, chemical, or environmental contaminant at or below the level found to be safe, by the Food and Drug Administration or approved by the Environmental Protection Agency or the Food Safety and Inspection Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.</p>

DHHS and FDA Expedited Review Categories:

<p style="text-align: center;">Drugs and Devices</p> <p>1. Clinical studies of drugs and medical devices only when condition (a) or (b) is met.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Research on drugs for which an investigational new drug application (21 CFR Part 312) is not required. (Note: Research on marketed drugs that significantly increases the risks or decreases the acceptability of the risks associated with the use of the product is not eligible for expedited review.) b. Research on medical devices for which (i) an investigational device exemption application (21 CFR Part 812) is not required; or (ii) the medical device is cleared/approved for marketing and the medical device is being used in accordance with its cleared/approved labeling. 	<p style="text-align: center;">Blood Draw</p> <p>2. Collection of blood samples by finger stick, heel stick, ear stick, or venipuncture as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. from healthy, nonpregnant adults who weigh at least 110 pounds. For these subjects, the amounts drawn may not exceed 550 ml in an 8 week period and collection may not occur more frequently than 2 times per week; or b. from other adults and children², considering the age, weight, and health of the subjects, the collection procedure, the amount of blood to be collected, and the frequency with which it will be collected. For these subjects, the amount drawn may not exceed the lesser of 50 ml or 3 ml per kg in an 8 week period and collection may not occur more frequently than 2 times per week.
<p style="text-align: center;">Prospective Biological Specimen Collection</p> <p>3. Prospective collection of biological specimens for research purposes by noninvasive means.</p> <p>Examples: (a) hair and nail clippings in a nondisfiguring manner; (b) deciduous teeth at time of exfoliation or if routine patient care indicates a need for extraction; (c) permanent teeth if routine patient care indicates a need for extraction; (d) excreta and external secretions (including sweat); (e) uncannulated saliva collected either in an unstimulated fashion or stimulated by chewing gumbase or wax or by applying a dilute citric solution to the tongue; (f) placenta removed at delivery; (g) amniotic fluid obtained at the time of rupture of the membrane prior to or during labor; (h) supra- and subgingival dental plaque and calculus, provided the collection procedure is not more invasive than routine prophylactic scaling of the teeth and the process is accomplished in accordance with accepted prophylactic techniques; (i) mucosal and skin cells collected by buccal scraping or swab, skin swab, or mouth washings; (j) sputum collected after saline mist nebulization.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Non-Invasive data collection using approved devices/procedures</p> <p>4. Collection of data through noninvasive procedures (not involving general anesthesia or sedation) routinely employed in clinical practice, excluding procedures involving x-rays or microwaves. Where medical devices are employed, they must be cleared/approved for marketing. (Studies intended to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of the medical device are not generally eligible for expedited review, including studies of cleared medical devices for new indications.)</p> <p>Examples: (a) physical sensors that are applied either to the surface of the body or at a distance and do not involve input of significant amounts of energy into the subject or an invasion of the subject's privacy; (b) weighing or testing sensory acuity; (c) magnetic resonance imaging; (d) electrocardiography, electroencephalography, thermography, detection of naturally occurring radioactivity, electroretinography, ultrasound, diagnostic infrared imaging, doppler blood flow, and echocardiography; (e) moderate exercise, muscular strength testing, body composition assessment, and flexibility testing where appropriate given the age, weight, and health of the individual.</p>

DHHS and FDA Expedited Review Categories, continued

<p style="text-align: center;">Existing or Prospective Data Collection</p> <p>5. Research involving materials (data, documents, records, or specimens) that have been collected, or will be collected solely for nonresearch purposes (such as medical treatment or diagnosis). (NOTE: Some research in this category may be exempt from the HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects. 45 CFR 46.101(b)(4). This listing refers only to research that is not exempt.)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Recordings</p> <p>6. Collection of data from voice, video, digital, or image recordings made for research purposes.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Group Behavior/Surveys, Interviews, Focus Groups, QA</p> <p>7. Research on individual or group characteristics or behavior (including, but not limited to, research on perception, cognition, motivation, identity, language, communication, cultural beliefs or practices, and social behavior) or research employing survey, interview, oral history, focus group, program evaluation, human factors evaluation, or quality assurance methodologies. (NOTE: Some research in this category may be exempt from the HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects. 45 CFR 46.101(b)(2) and (b)(3). This listing refers only to research that is not exempt.)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Other Caveats</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Research activities must present no more than minimal risk to human subjects2. The expedited review procedure may not be used where identification of the subjects and/or their responses would reasonably place them at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects= financial standing, employability, insurability, reputation, or be stigmatizing, unless reasonable and appropriate protections will be implemented so that risks related to invasion of privacy and breach of confidentiality are no greater than minimal.3. The categories in this list apply regardless of the age of subjects, except as noted.4. The expedited review procedure may not be used for classified research involving human subjects.

OVERLAPPING EXEMPT AND EXPEDITED CATEGORIES

EXEMPT	Key Differences	EXPEDITED
<p>Category 2: Research involving the use of educational tests (cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, achievement), <u>survey procedures</u>, <u>interview procedures</u> or observation of public behavior, unless:</p> <p>(i) information obtained is recorded in such a manner that human subjects can be identified, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects; and</p> <p>(ii) any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research could reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, or reputation.</p>	<p>Exemption applies if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Data is identifiable but not sensitive, or - Data is sensitive but de-identified. - Children are only undergoing educational tests or observation of public behavior without investigator interaction <p>Expedited applies if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Data is identifiable, sensitive and measures are in place to protect confidentiality - Children are to be surveyed, interviewed, or observed with investigator interaction 	<p>Category 7: Research on individual or group characteristics or behavior (including, but not limited to, research on perception, cognition, motivation, identity, language, communication, cultural beliefs or practices, and social behavior) or research employing <u>survey</u>, <u>interview</u>, oral history, focus group, program evaluation, human factors evaluation, or quality assurance methodologies.</p> <p><i>(NOTE: Some research in this category may be exempt from the HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects. 45 CFR 46.101(b)(2) and (b)(3). This listing refers only to research that is not exempt.)</i></p>
<p>Category 4: Research involving the collection or study of existing data, documents, records, pathological specimens, or diagnostic specimens, if these sources are publicly available or if the information is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that subjects cannot be identified, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects.</p>	<p>Exemption applies if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All data is existing, and recorded without identifiers or codes <p>Expedited applies if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Data is existing and identifiers retained, or - Data will be prospectively collected for non-research purposes (identifiers can be kept) 	<p>Category 5: Research involving materials (data, documents, records, or specimens) that have been collected, or will be collected solely for nonresearch purposes (such as medical treatment or diagnosis). (NOTE: Some research in this category may be exempt from the HHS regulations for the protection of human subjects. 45 CFR 46.101(b)(4). This listing refers only to research that is not exempt.)</p>